

Work Zone High-Visibility Safety Apparel Requirements as of September, 2010

US Department of Labor – Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)

The US Department of Labor – OSHA issued a revised Standard of Interpretation on August 5, 2009 addressing use of high-visibility warning garments in letter #20080829-8611. OSHA concluded that that section 5(a)(1) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act requires construction workers in highway/road construction work zones to be protected from road and construction traffic by wearing high-visibility garments.

At the current time, the minimum MUTCD requirements (see next section) for the type of high-visibility garments that must be worn are greater than OSHA's therefore the MUCTD requirements represent the minimum Federal requirements for all workers in roadway work zones.

Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) 2009, Section 6

(Minimum Federal requirements for all roads)

All workers, including emergency responders working within the right-of-way who are exposed to traffic or to work vehicles and construction equipment shall wear high-visibility safety apparel.

All workers shall wear: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 2 or 3

Alternate for emergency and incident responders and law enforcement: ANSI / ISEA 207-2006

<u>Law Enforcement Personnel Alternate</u>: When uniformed law enforcement personnel are used to direct traffic, to investigate crashes, or to handle lane closures, obstructed roadways, and disasters, high-visibility safety apparel as described above shall be worn by the law enforcement personnel.

<u>Firefighters or Other Emergency Responders Alternate</u>: Firefighters or other emergency responders working within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel as described above except as follows. Firefighters or other emergency responders working within the right-of-way and engage in emergency operations that directly expose them to flame, fire, heat, and/or hazardous materials may wear retroreflective turnout gear that is specified and regulated by other organizations.



New Jersey Department of Transportation

The New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) has high-visibility safety apparel requirements that are above the minimum Federal requirements that shall be observed by all personnel working within any NJDOT right-of-way. This includes State highways, US highways, and Interstate highways under NJDOT jurisdiction.

All workers (except flaggers and NJDOT Personnel):

Daytime use: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 2 or 3 (all approved colors)
Nighttime use: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 3, Level 2 (all approved colors)

<u>Flaggers</u>: Daytime and nighttime use: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 3, Level 2, **orange color only**. (The orange color only requirements applies only to Flaggers, all others my wear any ANSI approved color as per NJDOT BDC09S-12 date January 19, 2010)

NJDOT Personnel: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 3, Level 2 (all approved colors)
Public Safety Personnel: Refer to MUTCD section for alternative and exceptions.

New Jersey Turnpike Authority

The New Jersey Turnpike Authority has high-visibility safety apparel requirements that are above the minimum Federal requirements that shall be observed by all personnel working within any Authority's right-of-way. (New Jersey Turnpike and Garden State Parkway)

All personnel (except Turnpike Personnel):

ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 3 (all approved colors)

NJ Turnpike Personnel:

Personnel exposed to traffic: ANSI / ISEA 107-2004 Class 3 as issued by the Authority Toll collector personnel: ANSI / ISEA 107-2010 Class 2 as issued by the Authority

<u>Public Safety Personnel</u>:

Refer to MUTCD section for alternative and exceptions.

South Jersey Transportation Authority (SJTA)

The South Jersey Transportation Authority (SJTA) follows the MUTCD requirements for high-visibility safety apparel for all workers working on the Atlantic City Expressway and all other SJTA roadways. Refer to MUTCD section above.



General Notes

- 1. A vest that is labeled as OSHA compliant may not be ANSI/ISEA compliant. High Visibility garments must have labels indicating ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 or 207-2006.
- 2. Older vests labeled ANSI/ISEA 107-1999 or older do not meet the current standard and shall not be worn in work zones.
- 3. Law enforcement officers performing traffic control duties are encouraged to follow ANSI/ISEA 107-2004 Class 2 or Class 3 guidelines whenever possible.
- 4. ANSI / ISEA has issued an updated standard ANSI / ISEA 107-**2010** for high-visibility safety apparel dated January 8, 2010. The requirements for Class 2 garments have been revised to include reflective material in the shoulder area. The objective of the change is to provide greater visibility when a worker is bending over, or at angles that could be potentially missed on a garment without "vertical" reflective material over the shoulders. Consult ANSI / ISEA 107-2010 for additional revisions. It is recommended that all new purchases meet the revised standards. This updated standard does not affect the alternative vest for public safety personnel.
- 5. Class 3 garments should be worn on any roadway with speeds 50 mph or higher.
- 6. For other agencies not listed, contract the agencies directly for any specific requirements.